

Migration – Moving from one place to another to live or work.



Strangers – Refugees from the Low Countries who settled in Norwich in 1565.



Refugee – Someone who leaves their country to escape danger or persecution.



Tudor – The time period when the Strangers arrived in Norwich (1500s).



Norwich – A wealthy trading city in Tudor England.



Low Countries – The area now known as Belgium and the Netherlands.



Protestant – A follower of a Christian movement



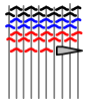
Persecution – Being treated unfairly or cruelly because of your beliefs.



History:
Why did the Strangers come to Norwich, and how did they change the city and Britain?



Trade – The buying and selling of goods, such as wool and cloth.



Weaving – A skill brought by the Strangers that helped Norwich's economy.



Empathy – Understanding how people in the past might have felt.



Evidence – Information that helps us understand what happened in the past.



Source – Something that tells us about the past (e.g., letters, maps, artefacts).



Primary Source – Evidence from the time (e.g., a Tudor letter or diary)



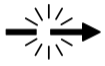
Secondary Source – Evidence created later by historians (e.g., books, websites).



Bias – When a source shows one point of view more strongly than another.



Representation – How people or events are shown or described.



Impact – The change or effect something has.



Contribution – What someone adds to help or improve a place or situation



Diversity
Having different kinds of people, cultures, or ideas in one community.

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