

Prehistory

(Time before writing was invented)



Archaeologist

(A person who studies clues from the past)



Artefact

(An object made or used by people a long time ago)



Source

(Where we get information about the past, like a book, object, or story)



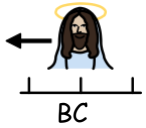
Evidence

(Clues or signs that help us learn what happened in the past)



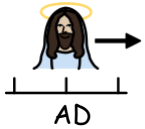
Deduce

(To figure something out by thinking carefully about the clues)



BC

('Before Christ' – dates from long ago)



AD

('Anno Domini' – 'in the year of our Lord')



Stone Age

(The first and longest period of human history)



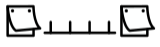
Mesolithic

(The middle part of the Stone Age, when people hunted, fished, and gathered food)



Neolithic

(The New Stone Age, when people started farming, keeping animals, and building homes)



Timeline

(A line showing when things happened in order)



Chronology

(Putting events in the order they happened so we can see what came first and what came next)



Paleolithic

(The Old Stone Age, when people lived by hunting animals and gathering plants)



Flint

(A hard stone that people used to make tools and start fires)



Hunter

(A person who looks for and catches animals for food)



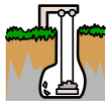
Gatherer

(A person who collects plants, fruits, nuts, and other natural foods from the environment)



Coprolite

(Fossilised poo that shows what people or animals ate long ago)



Excavate

(To dig carefully to find things from long ago)



Tool

(Something people make and use to help them do work)



Settlement

(A place where people live)

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